SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER DOES NOT DISCRIMINATE.



RECOVERY IS POSSIBLE.



EVERY 11 MINUTES

SOMEONE IN AMERICA DIES FROM AN OPIOID OVERDOSE.

Source: Hedegaad H., Minino A.M., Warner M. Drug Overdose Deaths in the United States, 1999-2017. NCHS Data Brief, no 329. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 2018.



80%

OF HEROIN USERS STARTED WITH A PRESCRIPTION PAINKILLER.

Source: Jones, C.M. Heroin Use and Heroin Use Risk Behaviors Among Nonmedical Users of Prescription Opioid Pain Relievers – United States, 2002-2004 and 2008-2010. Drug Alcohol Depend (Sept. 1, 2013) 132(102):95-100.

MORE AMERICANS DIED OF

A DRUG OVERDOSE

IN 2017 THAN DIED IN THE IRAQ, AFGHANISTAN AND VIETNAM WARS, COMBINED.

Source: CBS News, 2017. CDC, 2018



NEARLY ALL PEOPLE WHO USED HEROIN ALSO USED AT LEAST

1 OTHER DRUG

MOST USED AT LEAST

3 OTHER DRUGS

PEOPLE WHO ARE ADDICTED TO...

ARE ARE A

ARE

ALCOHOL MARIJUANA COCAINE RX OPIOID PAINKILLERS

2X 15X 3X

ARE

...MORE LIKELY TO BE ADDICTED TO HEROIN.

Source: National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH), 2011-2013.

DEFINING SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER

The National Institute of Drug Abuse (NIDA) defines **substance use disorder as a chronic, relapsing brain disease** that is characterized by compulsive drug seeking and use, despite harmful consequences.

Source: National Institute on Drug Abuse. The Science of Drug Abuse and Addiction: The Basics.

FACTS YOU SHOULD KNOW

Employer supported and monitored treatment yields better sustained recovery rates than treatment initiated at the request of friends and family members.

Source: Weisner, C., Lu, Y., Hinman, A., et al. (2009) Substance Use, Symptom, and Employment Outcomes of Persons With a Workplace M for Chemical Dependency Treatment. Psychiatric Services, May 2009, 60(5), 646-654.

In the United States, **8–10% of people over the age of 12 are addicted to alcohol or other drugs during their lifetime**. That's approximately 22 million people. (Cigarette smoking is also an addiction that kills people.)

Source: Grant B., Saha T.D., Ruan W.J., et al., "Epidemiology of DSM-5 Drug Use Disorder Results From the National Epidemiologic Survey on Alcohol and Related Conditions–III." The Journal of the American Medical Association Psychiatry, January 2016.

REACH OUT FOR HELP

SAMHSA's National Helpline - 1-800-662-HELP (4357)

It's free, confidential, 24/7, 365-day-a-year treatment referral and information service (in English and Spanish) for individuals and families facing mental and/or substance use disorders.

FIND ADDICTION TREATMENT OPENINGS NOW!

FINDHELPNOWKY.ORG



